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**PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL LETTER**  
(Small Entity)

Docket No.  
3835.00002

TO THE ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS

Transmitted herewith for filing under 35 U.S.C. 111 and 37 C.F.R. 1.53 is the patent application of:

Ted A. Lilley et al.

For: A Quick Connect Hydrant Nozzle for Connecting a Fire Hose to a Fire Hydrant

JC841 U.S. PTO  
09/659172  
09/11/00

Enclosed are:

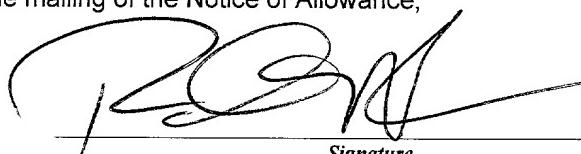
- Certificate of Mailing with Express Mail Mailing Label No. EL699076750US
- 5 sheets (2 copies) sheets of drawings.
- A certified copy of a application.
- Declaration       Signed.       Unsigned.
- Power of Attorney
- Information Disclosure Statement
- Preliminary Amendment
- Verified Statement(s) to Establish Small Entity Status Under 37 C.F.R. 1.9 and 1.27.
- Other:

**CLAIMS AS FILED**

For	#Filed	#Allowed	#Extra	Rate	Fee
Total Claims	1	- 20 =	0	x \$9.00	\$0.00
Indep. Claims	1	- 3 =	0	x \$39.00	\$0.00
Multiple Dependent Claims (check if applicable)	<input type="checkbox"/>				\$0.00
				BASIC FEE	\$345.00
				TOTAL FILING FEE	\$345.00

- A check in the amount of to cover the filing fee is enclosed.
- The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge and credit Deposit Account No. 02-2712 as described below. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.
  - Charge the amount of \$345.00 as filing fee.
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  - Charge any additional filing fees required under 37 C.F.R. 1.16 and 1.17.
  - Charge the issue fee set in 37 C.F.R. 1.18 at the mailing of the Notice of Allowance, pursuant to 37 C.F.R. 1.311(b).

Dated: September 11, 2000



Signature

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# A QUICK CONNECT HYDRANT NOZZLE FOR CONNECTING A FIRE HOSE TO A FIRE HYDRANT

## BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

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### 1. Field of Invention

The subject invention relates to a quick connect hydrant nozzle for connecting a fire hose to a fire hydrant.

### 10 2. Background of Invention

Generally, fire hoses are connected to a fire hydrant by way of a hydrant nozzle and/or adapter. A fire hydrant typically includes one or more fluid ports, i.e. water outlets, adapted to receive an end of a fire hose and supply pressurized water thereto. The water outlets typically include either an internal threaded portion or a locking groove for receiving 15 the end of the fire hose or a hydrant nozzle. A hydrant nozzle is most frequently connected to the water outlet for connection to the fire hose. A traditional hydrant nozzle typically includes a first end having a pair of locking lugs which mating engage the locking groove of the water outlet to secure the nozzle to the hydrant. The nozzle also traditionally includes a opposite male threaded end which attaches to a mating threaded female end on the fire hose. 20 Of course, attaching the fire hose in this fashion is cumbersome and requires a significant amount of time to thread the fire hose to the fire hydrant.

Other fire hydrants utilize an adaptor or connection system referred to by those of ordinary skill in the art as a Storz coupling. First, a hydrant nozzle is connected to the water 25 outlet of the hydrant. The water port may include internal female threads or recessed locking grooves for receiving the nozzle. The nozzle typically includes a first end having a pair of external locking lugs that cooperate with the locking grooves in the water outlet to hold the nozzle in place upon rotation of the hydrant nozzle. In some cases, the hydrant nozzle may include external male threads which thread directly into the internal female 30 threads of the outlet rather than the aforementioned locking lugs and grooves. The nozzle also includes a second end having external threads projecting outwardly from the water

outlet. The Storz coupling includes an adapter having a first end with internal female threads for mating threaded engagement with the second threaded end of the nozzle. The adapter further includes a second end having a pair of locking lugs and locking grooves for receiving and securing the end of the fire hose to the fire hydrant. However, most fire  
5 hydrants do not have the adapter, or Storz coupling, attached to them, and therefore, fire departments must carry the adapter with them and then thread it onto the hydrant nozzle for connection with the fire hose. This certainly defeats the effort of a quick connection between a fire hose and fire hydrant in an emergency fire situation.

10 Therefore, it remains desirable to provide a quick connect hydrant nozzle secured within the port of the fire hydrant for readily receiving and connecting a fire hose to the fire hydrant.

#### **SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION**

15 The present invention includes a hydrant nozzle for connecting a fire hose to a fire hydrant. The hydrant nozzle comprises a tubular body portion extending longitudinally between a first end and a second end. The body portion has a generally cylindrical outer surface and a generally cylindrical inner surface defining a fluid passageway between the first and second ends. The nozzle further includes a cylindrical neck portion extending  
20 from the second end of the body portion to a front face and having an outer peripheral rim and an inner rim defining a center opening in fluid communication with the fluid passageway of the body portion. A pair of spaced apart locking lugs project outwardly from the outer surface and are positioned between the first and second ends of the body portion for removably securing the hydrant nozzle to the fire hydrant. A pair of spaced apart  
25 arcuate shaped locking grooves are recessed in the front face of the neck portion for removably securing the hydrant nozzle to the fire hose.

#### **BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS**

Other advantages of the present invention will be readily appreciated as the same  
30 becomes better understood by reference to the following detailed description when considered in connection with the accompanying drawings wherein:

Figure 1 a partially broken perspective view of a fire hydrant having a prior art hydrant nozzle secured to a water port of the hydrant;

Figure 2 is a partially broken perspective view of a fire hydrant having a prior art Storz coupling connected to the hydrant nozzle of the hydrant;

5       Figure 3 is a partially broken perspective view of a quick connect hydrant nozzle connected to a fire hydrant according to the preferred embodiment of the subject invention;

Figure 4 is partially broken exploded view of the hydrant nozzle connecting a fire hose to the fire hydrant according to the preferred embodiment of the invention;

Figure 5 is a front view of the hydrant nozzle of Figures 3 and 4;

10      Figure 6 is a cross-sectional view taken along line 6-6 of Figure 5;

Figure 7 is a cross-sectional view taken along line 7-7 of Figure 5;

Figure 8 is a partially broken away side view of the hydrant nozzle; and

15      Figure 9 is a perspective view of an alternative hydrant nozzle according to the subject invention.

#### **DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT**

Referring to the prior art Figure 1, a fire hydrant as commonly known to one of ordinary skill in the art is generally shown at 10. The fire hydrant 10 includes a fluid port, or water outlet, 12 for supplying pressurized water to a fire hose (not shown). A traditional 20 prior art hydrant nozzle 14 is shown connected to the water outlet 12. The nozzle 14 includes a distal end projecting from the outlet 12 and having a plurality of external, or male, threads 16. The nozzle 14 is traditionally permanently installed to the hydrant 10 and covered by a threaded cap when not in use. In order to connect a fire hose to the nozzle 14, and thus the hydrant 10, the fire hose must include a female threaded end connector to 25 mating engaging and attach to the threads 16 on the end of the nozzle 14. Alternatively, an adapter must be connected between the nozzle 14 and the end of the fire hose for completely the connection therebetween.

For example, referring to prior art Figure 2, the hydrant 10 is shown with a Storz 30 type adapter 18 secured to the nozzle 14 for receiving and connecting a fire hose. The Storz adapter 18 includes an internally threaded first end 20 which is threaded onto the externally

threaded end of the nozzle 14. The adapter 18 further includes an opposite second end commonly referred to as a Storz coupler 22 for connecting the end of a fire hose to the hydrant 10. The Storz coupler 22 includes a pair of bayonet type locking lugs 24 spaced apart by a pair of recessed locking grooves 26 for cooperating with a Storz type coupler  
5 having mating locking lugs and grooves on the end of a traditional fire hose. Therefore, fire fighters having Storz type coupler fire hoses must first attach the adapter 18 to the nozzle 14 in order to connect the fire hose to the hydrant 10.

Referring to Figure 3, the preferred embodiment of the subject invention is illustrated showing a quick connect hydrant nozzle 30 connected to the water outlet 12 of  
10 the hydrant 10. The subject invention hydrant nozzle 30 is connected to the outlet 12 and in essence becomes an integral part of the hydrant 10, making the hydrant 10 compatible with Storz type coupler fire hoses. In otherwords, the prior art hydrant nozzle 14 of Figure 1 is removed from the hydrant 10 and replaced by the subject invention hydrant nozzle 30. Therefore, the fire hose may be connected directly to the hydrant nozzle 30, without the  
15 need for the adaptor 18, thus reducing the connection time between the fire hose and hydrant 10.

More specifically, referring to Figures 4-8, the quick connect hydrant nozzle 30 is shown for connecting a fire hose 32 to a fire hydrant 34. The fire hose 32 is of the type  
20 commonly known to one of ordinary skill in the art and includes a flexible hose section 36 and a Storz type end coupler 38. The Storz type end coupler 38 includes a pair of bayonet type L-shaped locking lugs 40, 41 projecting from the end of the hose 32 and spaced apart by approximately 180 degrees. The fire hydrant 34 is also of the type commonly known to one of ordinary skill in the art and includes a tubular body section 42 and at least one fluid  
25 port, or water outlet 44. The water outlet 44 is generally cylindrical in shape and includes a spiral inner groove 46. The hydrant nozzle 30 is seated between and interconnects the end coupler 38 of the fire hose 32 to the water outlet 44 of the fire hydrant 34. The nozzle 30 is constructed of a one-piece lead-free brass alloy. The hydrant nozzle 30 includes a hollow tubular body portion 50 extending along a longitudinal axis defined between a first distal  
30 and tapered end 52 adapted to be received in the water outlet 44 and a second end 54 defining a fluid passageway 55 therebetween. The tubular body portion 50 includes a pair

of spaced apart locking lugs 56, 58 extending outwardly from the body portion 50 and positioned between the first and second ends 52, 54. More specifically, the locking lugs 56, 58 are generally rectangular blocks positioned transverse to the longitudinal axis of the body portion 50 and arranged at a predetermined angle (spiral or arc-shaped configuration) 5 relative to the ends 52, 54 and corresponding to the angle of the spiral inner groove 46 of the water outlet 44. The lugs 56 are also spaced apart by approximately 180 degrees about the circumference of the body portion 50.

The hydrant nozzle 30 further includes a cylindrical neck portion 60 extending 10 radially outwardly from the second end 54 of the body portion 50 and having a center opening 62 in fluid communication with the fluid passageway 55 of the body portion 50. In the preferred embodiment, the diameter of the neck portion 60 is greater than the diameter of the body portion 50, however, each diameter may vary to accommodate various size water outlets 46 and fire hose couplers 38. The neck portion 60 includes a flat front face 64 15 extending from an inner rim 66 defining the center opening 62 and an outer rim 68 forming the outermost periphery of the neck portion 60. A pair of spaced apart, elongated and arcuate shaped locking grooves 70, 72 are formed in the front face 64 of the neck portion 60 and are adapted to receive and connect the corresponding locking lugs 40, 42 of the fire hose 32 thereto. Each locking groove 70, 72 extends along an arcuate path between a first 20 end wall 76 and a second opposite end wall 78.

More specifically, referring to Figures 5-8, each locking groove 70, 72 includes a bottom surface 74 recessed from the front face 64 and extending between the first and second end walls 76, 78. The bottom surface 74 includes an inclined, or ramped, section 25 79 adjacent the second ends 78 inclining toward the front face 64 as best shown in Figures 5 and 6. Each groove 70, 72 further includes upstanding, parallel and curved inner and outer walls 80, 82 projecting upwardly from the bottom surface 74 to the front face 64 and extending between the first and second end walls 76, 78. The front face 62 further includes a lip, or overhanging shelf, 84 projecting radially inwardly from a portion of the outer wall 30 82 toward the inner wall 80 forming a top surface 86 of the grooves 70, 72 spaced from and parallel to the bottom surface 74 and defining an L-shaped cross-section as shown in Figure

7. The lip 84 extends from the first end wall 76 and terminates in an end 85 spaced from the second end wall 78. The top surface 86 formed by the lip 84 includes a inclined, or ramped section 88 extending from the end 85 toward the first end wall 76 as shown in Figure 8. Finally, the nozzle 30 includes a locking screw 90 threaded into the body portion 5 50 for locking the nozzle 30 to the hydrant 34 as will be discussed below.

In operation, referring again to Figure 4, the quick connect hydrant nozzle 30 is arranged such that the distal end 52 of the body section 50 is aligned to be received within the water outlet 44 of the hydrant 34. The nozzle 30 is axially inserted into the opening 10 formed by the water outlet 44 until the locking lugs 56, 58 are received in the inner groove 46. The nozzle 30 is then rotated in the clockwise direction within the outlet 44 until the tapered distal end 52 of the body portion 50 is seated against a seal within the outlet 44 and the neck portion 60 is against or adjacent to the opening of the outlet 44 to create a fluid tight connection between the nozzle 30 and the hydrant 34. The locking screw 90 may then 15 be threaded into the outlet 44 to fixedly secure the nozzle 30 to the hydrant 34. The nozzle 30 is typically permanently installed in the outlet 44 of the fire hydrant 34 as shown in Figure 3 in replacement of the prior art hydrant nozzle 14.

During use, the fire hose 32 may be directly connected to the fire hydrant 34 via the 20 quick connect hydrant nozzle 30. Specifically, L-shaped locking lugs 40, 41 on the coupler 38 of the fire hose 32 are received in the corresponding locking grooves 70, 72 of the nozzle 30. Each locking lug 40, 41 is inserted into the corresponding groove 70, 72 between the second end wall 78 and the end 85 of the lip 84. The coupler portion 38 may then be 25 rotated in the clockwise direction forcing the locking lugs 40, 41 toward the first end wall 76. The locking lugs 40, 41 each include outwardly projecting lip 43 which engages the inclined section 88 of the top surface 86 formed by the lip 84 and forces the locking lugs 40, 41 into frictional locking engagement with the top surface 86. The coupler 38 typically includes a sealing gasket which engages the front face 64 of the neck portion 60 to create a fluid tight seal between the nozzle 30 and the hose 32. To disconnect the hose 32 from the 30 nozzle 30, and thus, the hydrant 34, the coupler 38 is rotated in the counterclockwise direction moving the locking lugs 40, 41 toward the second end wall 78 of the locking

grooves 70, 72 and past the lip 84. The inclined section 79 on the bottom surface 74 engages with the locking lugs 40, 41 forcing the coupler end 38 of the hose 32 axially out of the locking grooves 70, 72 and assist in releases the fluid tight seal between the nozzle 30 and the hose 32.

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Referring to Figure 9, an alternative embodiment of the hydrant nozzle is shown at 100. The alternative nozzle 100 varies from the preferred embodiment by including a body portion 102 having a plurality of external threads 104 extending between the distal end 106 and the second end 108. If the water outlet 44 of the fire hydrant 34 includes internal 10 threads as opposed to the locking groove 46, the external threads 104 of the nozzle 100 may simply be threaded into engagement with the threads of the outlet 44 to connect the nozzle 100 to the hydrant 34.

The invention has been described in an illustrative manner, and it is to be 15 understood that the terminology, which has been used, is intended to be in the nature of words of description rather than of limitation.

Many modifications and variations of the present invention are possible in light of the above teachings. It is, therefore, to be understood that within the scope of the appended 20 claims, the invention may be practised other than as specifically described.

What is claimed is:

1. A hydrant nozzle for connecting a fire hose to a fire hydrant, said hydrant nozzle comprising:

a tubular body portion extending longitudinally between a first end and a second

5 end, said body portion having a generally cylindrical outer surface and a generally cylindrical inner surface defining a fluid passageway between said first and second ends;

a cylindrical neck portion extending from said second end of the body portion to a front face and having an outer peripheral rim and an inner rim defining a center opening in fluid communication with said fluid passageway of said body portion;

10 a pair of spaced apart locking lugs projecting outwardly from said outer surface and positioned between said first and second ends of said body portion for removably securing said hydrant nozzle to the fire hydrant; and

a pair of spaced apart arcuate shaped locking grooves recessed in said front face of said neck portion for removably securing said hydrant nozzle to the fire hose.

15

## **ABSTRACT**

A hydrant nozzle for connecting a fire hose to a fire hydrant. The hydrant nozzle comprises a tubular body portion extending longitudinally between a first end and a second end. The body portion has a generally cylindrical outer surface and a generally cylindrical inner surface defining a fluid passageway between the first and second ends. The nozzle further includes a cylindrical neck portion extending from the second end of the body portion to a front face and having an outer peripheral rim and an inner rim defining a center opening in fluid communication with the fluid passageway of the body portion. A pair of spaced apart locking lugs project outwardly from the outer surface and are positioned 5 between the first and second ends of the body portion for removably securing the hydrant nozzle to the fire hydrant. A pair of spaced apart arcuate shaped locking grooves are recessed in the front face of the neck portion between the inner and outer rims for removably securing the hydrant nozzle to the fire hose.

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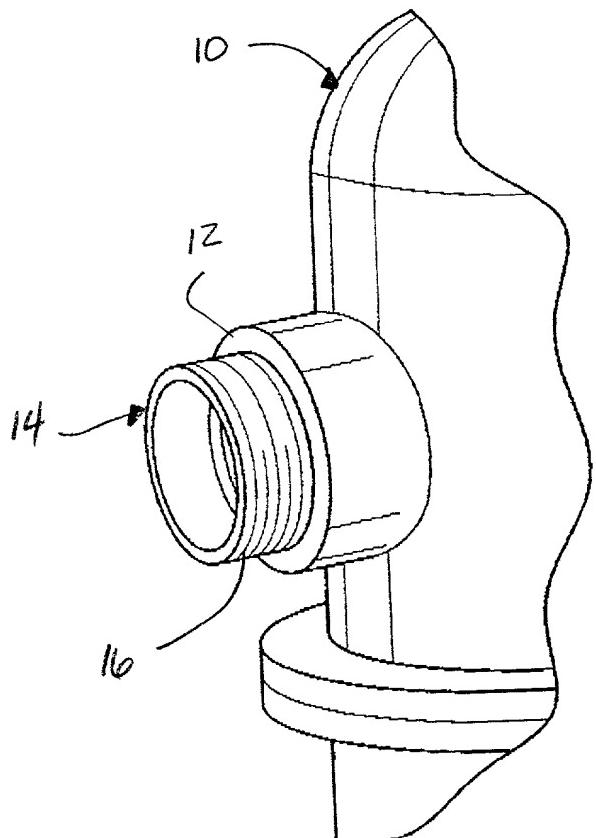


Fig-1

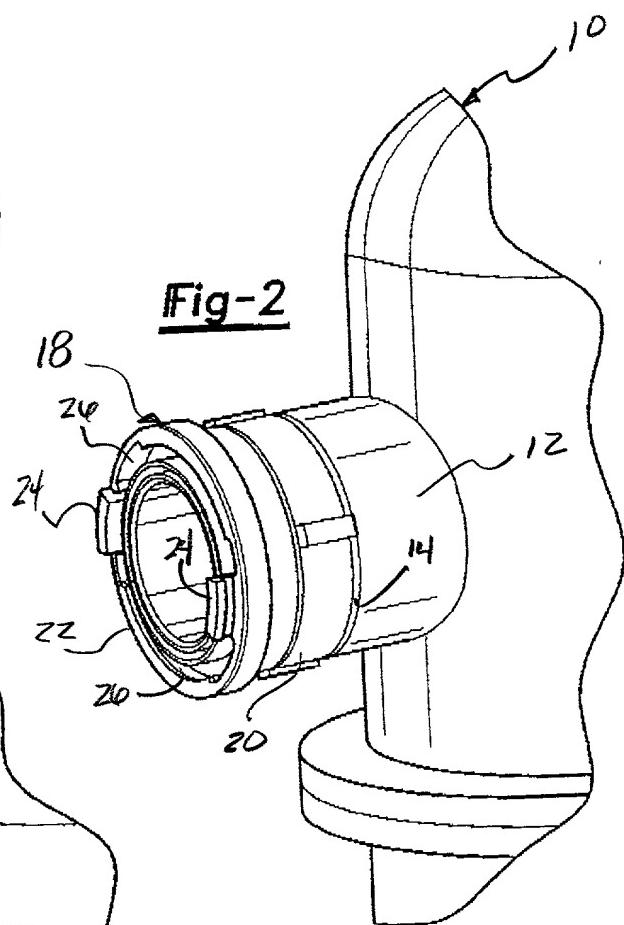


Fig-2

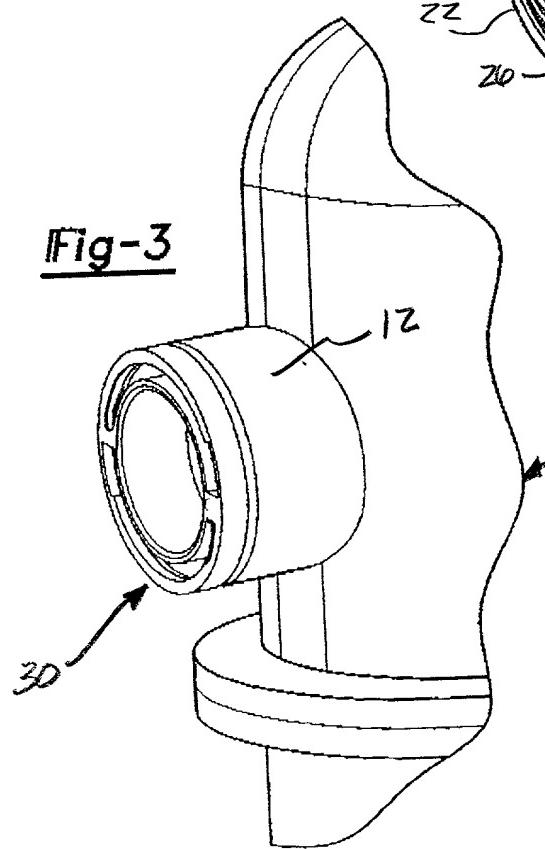
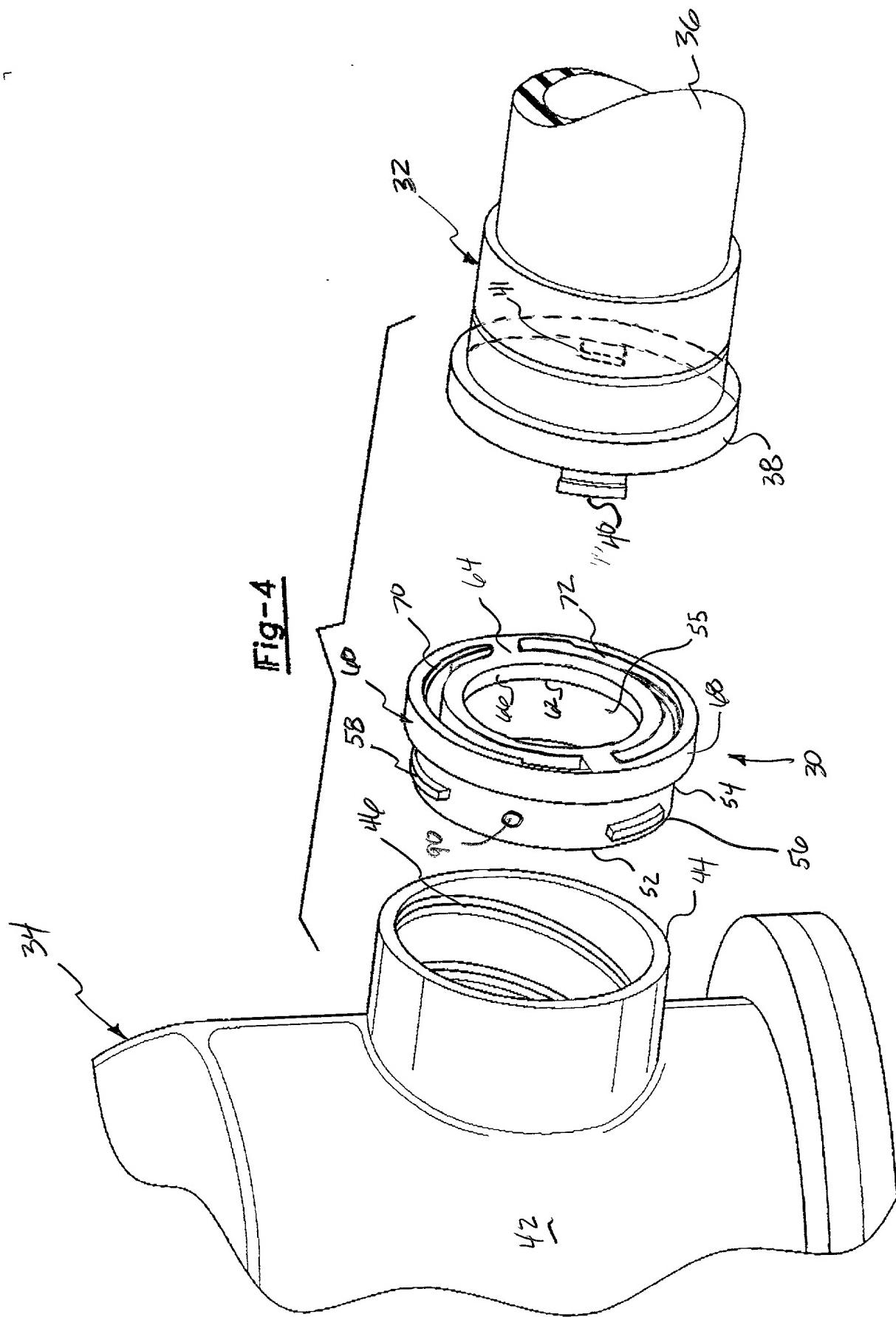


Fig-3



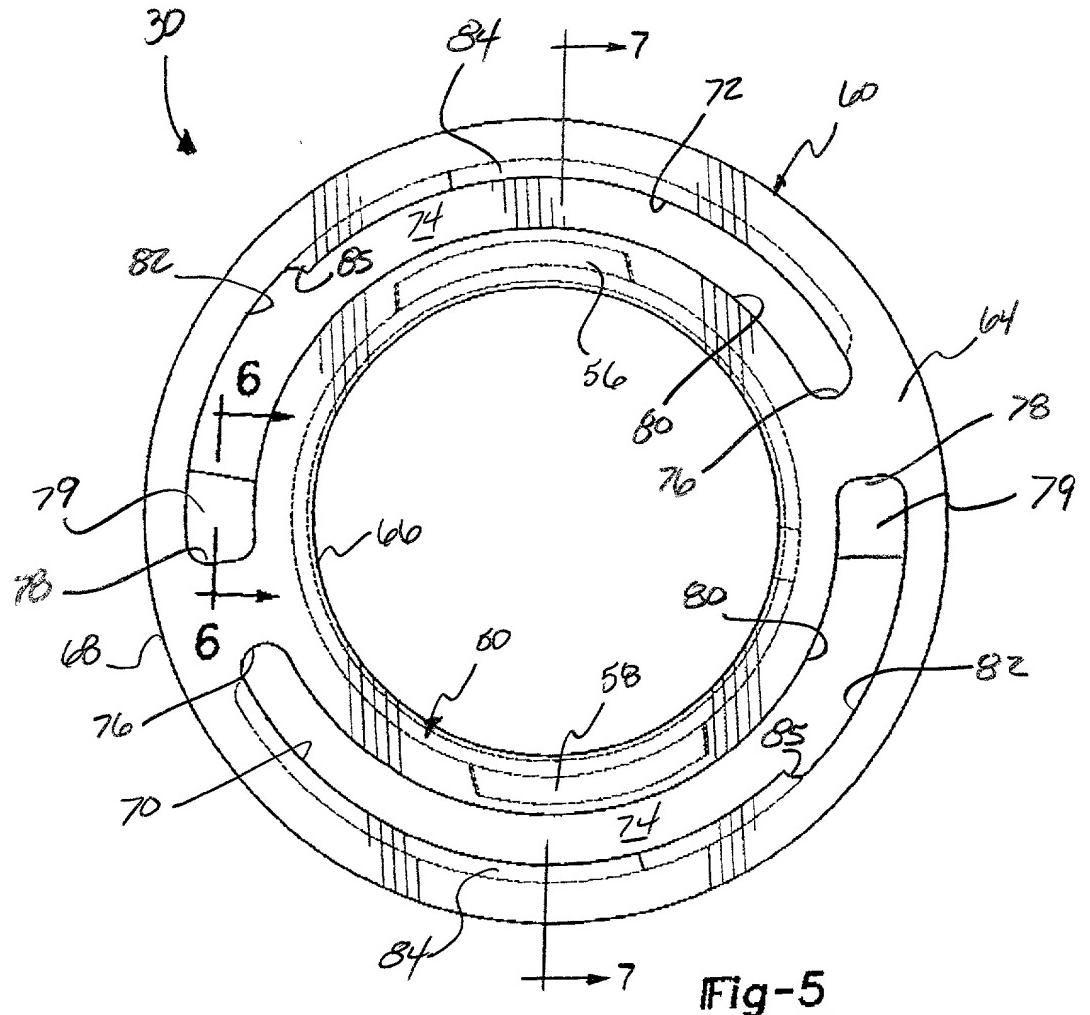


Fig-5

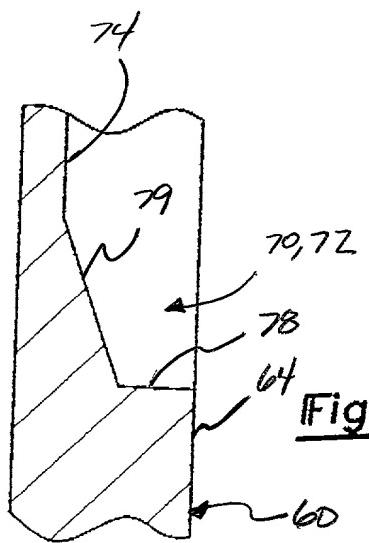


Fig-6

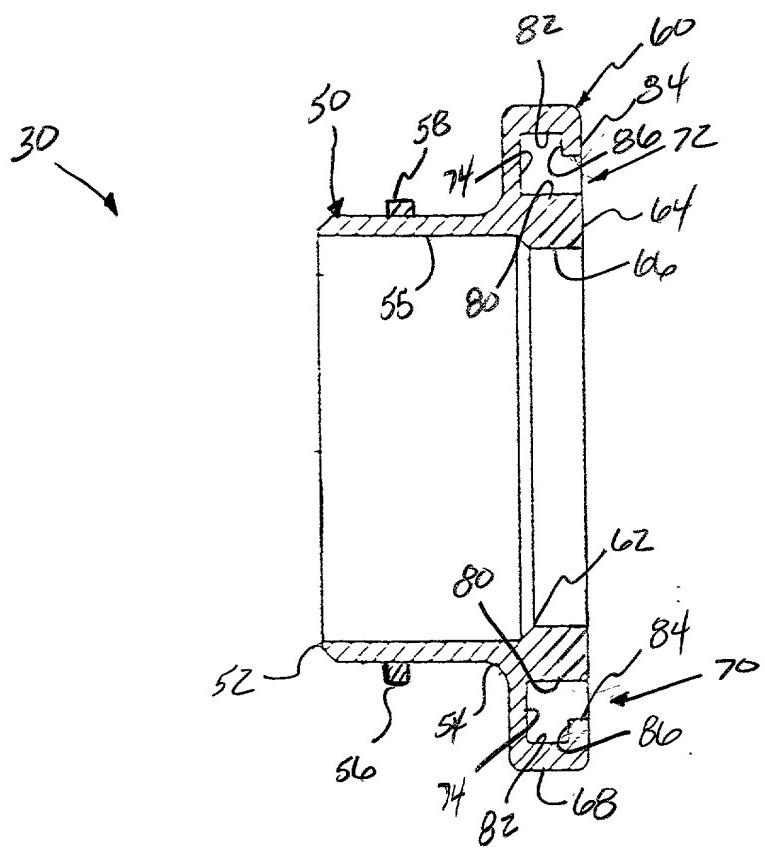


FIG-7

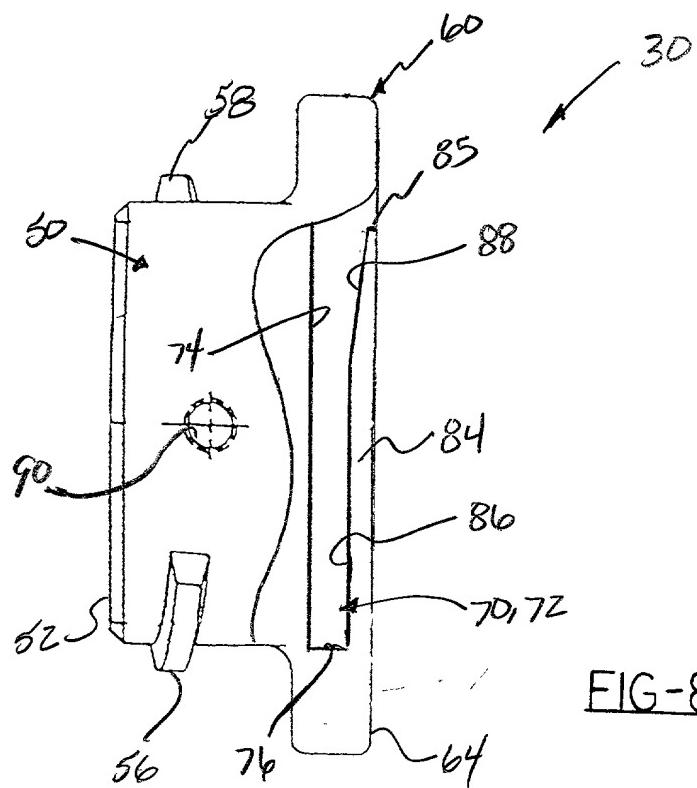


FIG-8

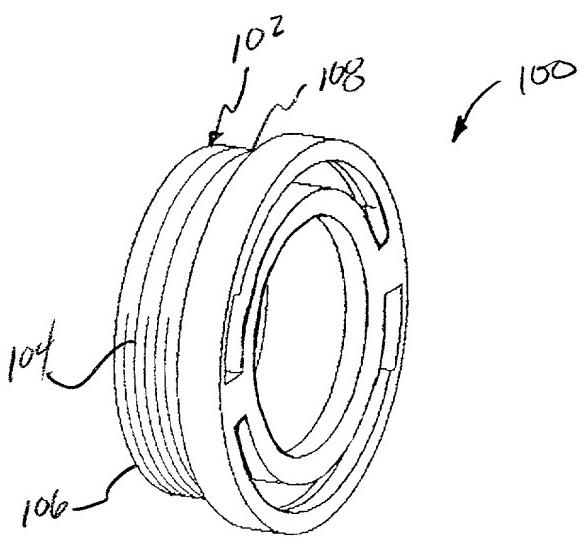


Fig-9

Docket No. 3835.00002
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# Declaration and Power of Attorney For Patent Application

## English Language Declaration

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name,

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled

**A QUICK CONNECT HYDRANT NOZZLE FOR CONNECTING A FIRE HOSE TO A FIRE HYDRANT**

the specification of which

(check one)

is attached hereto.

was filed on \_\_\_\_\_ as United States Application No. or PCT International

Application Number \_\_\_\_\_

and was amended on \_\_\_\_\_

(if applicable)

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the United States Patent and Trademark Office all information known to me to be material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, Section 119(a)-(d) or Section 365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or Section 365(a) of any PCT International application which designated at least one country other than the United States, listed below and have also identified below, by checking the box, any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate or PCT International application having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

Prior Foreign Application(s)

Priority Not Claimed

(Number)	(Country)	(Day/Month/Year Filed)	<input type="checkbox"/>
(Number)	(Country)	(Day/Month/Year Filed)	<input type="checkbox"/>
(Number)	(Country)	(Day/Month/Year Filed)	<input type="checkbox"/>

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. Section 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below:

60/153,177	9/10/99
(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)

(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)
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(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)
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I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U. S. C. Section 120 of any United States application(s), or Section 365(c) of any PCT International application designating the United States, listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT International application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. Section 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the United States Patent and Trademark Office all information known to me to be material to patentability as defined in Title 37, C. F. R., Section 1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT International filing date of this application:

(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	(Status) (patented, pending, abandoned)
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(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	(Status) (patented, pending, abandoned)
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(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	(Status) (patented, pending, abandoned)
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I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

**POWER OF ATTORNEY:** As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith. (*list name and registration number*)

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